(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

## **Ecocoat Headlight-**



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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: UFI: Ecocoat Headlight KSQU-393R-YTKA-K6YG

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.** UV absorber for polycarbonate and plastic.

### Uses advised against:

For professional use only.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

| Company:   | IGL Coatings  |
|------------|---|
| Address:   | No. 7, Jalan Majistret U1/26, Hicom-Glenmarie Industrial Park, Seksyen U1 |
| City:      | 40150 - Shah Alam   |
| Province:  | Selangor  |
| Telephone: | +0355690980   |
| E-mail:    | regulations@iglcoatings.com   |
| Web:       | https://iglcoatings.com/  |

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Aquatic Chronic 2 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Asp. Tox. 1 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Flam. Liq. 2 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Repr. 2 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. STOT RE 2 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Skin Irrit. 2 : Causes skin irritation.

### 2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Pictograms:



Danger

#### Hazard statements:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements:

| P210      | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.               |
|-----------|--|
| P260      | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.   |
| P273      | Avoid release to the environment.  |
| P280      | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.                |
| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.   |
| P331      | Do NOT induce vomiting.  |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, water spray, alcohol resistant foam to extinguish. |

### 2.3 Other hazards.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as PBT.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as vPvB.

The mixture does not contain any endocrine disrupting properties substances.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

### 3.1 Substances.

Not applicable.

### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

|  |                      |             | (*)Classification - Regulation (EC)<br>No 1272/2008  |   |
|--|----------------------|-------------|--|---|
| Identifiers  | Name                 | Concentrate | Classification   | Specifics<br>concentration<br>limits and Acute<br>toxicity estimate |
| CAS No: 110-54-3<br>EC No: 203-777-6<br>Index No: 601-037-00-0 | [1] n-hexane         | 25 - 50 %   | Aquatic Chronic<br>2, H411 - Asp.<br>Tox. 1, H304 -<br>Flam. Liq. 2,<br>H225 - Repr. 2,<br>H361f *** -<br>STOT RE 2 *,<br>H373 ** -<br>STOT SE 3,<br>H336 - Skin<br>Irrit. 2, H315 | STOT RE 2,<br>H373: C ≥ 5 %   |
| CAS No: 2943-75-1<br>EC No: 220-941-2                          | triethoxyoctylsilane | 10 - 50 %   | Skin Irrit. 2,<br>H315   | -   |
| CAS No: Proprietary<br>EC No: Proprietary                      | Proprietary          | 10 - 50 %   | Flam. Liq. 3,<br>H226  | -   |

(\*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

\*,\*\*,\*\*\* See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a European Union exposure limit in the workplace (see section 8.1).

[2] Substance with a national workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

### Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

#### Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate. Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

Long-term chronic exposure may result in injury to certain organs or tissues.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Keep the person comfortable. Turn him/her over to the left side and stay there while waiting for medical care.

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

#### Special risks.

Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.
- Flammable vapors or gases.

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### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8. For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25 ° C, in a dry and wellventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

UV absorber for polycarbonate and plastic.

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### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

| Name     | CAS No.  | Country   | Limit value | ppm | mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|----------|----------|-----------|-------------|-----|-------------------|
| n hovene | 110 54 2 | European  | Eight hours | 20  | 72                |
| n-hexane | 110-54-3 | Union [1] | Short term  |     |                   |

[1] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

| Name                         | DNEL/DMEL   | Туре                                  | Value                |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
|                              | DNEL        | Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects | 75                   |
|                              | (Workers)   |                                       | (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) |
|                              | DNEL        | Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects | 16                   |
| n havana                     | (Consumers) |                                       | (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) |
| n-hexane<br>CAS No: 110-54-3 | DNEL        | Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects     | 11 (mg/kg            |
| EC No: 203-777-6             | (Workers)   |                                       | bw/day)              |
| LC NO. 203-777-0             | DNEL        | Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects     | 5,3 (mg/kg           |
|                              | (Consumers) |                                       | bw/day)              |
|                              | DNEL        | Oral, Chronic, Systemic effects       | 4 (mg/kg             |
|                              | (Consumers) |                                       | bw/day)              |

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

### 8.2 Exposure controls.

### Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

| Concentration:            | 100 %   |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Uses:                     | UV absorber for polycarbonate and plastic.  |  |  |
| <b>Breathing protecti</b> | on:   |  |  |
| PPE:                      | Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.   |  |  |
| Characteristics:          | «CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.   |  |  |
| CEN standards:            | EN 136, EN 140, EN 405  |  |  |
| Maintenance:              | Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor. Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach |  |  |
| Observations:             | the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.  |  |  |
| Filter Type needed:       | A2  |  |  |
| Hand protection:          |   |  |  |
| PPE:                      | Protective gloves against chemicals.  |  |  |
| Characteristics:          | «CE» marking, category III.   |  |  |
| CEN standards:            | EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420  |  |  |
| Maintenance:              | Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible.<br>Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or<br>adhesives.  |  |  |
| Observations:             | Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight.<br>Always use with clean, dry hands.   |  |  |
| Material:                 | PVC<br>(polyvinyl chloride)Breakthrough time<br>(min.):> 480Material thickness<br>(mm):0,35   |  |  |

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| Eye protection:  |  |
|------------------|--|
| PPE:             | Protective goggles with built-in frame.  |
| Characteristics: | «CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.   |
| CEN standards:   | EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168   |
| Maintenance:     | Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.  |
| Observations:    | Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.   |
| Skin protection: |  |
| PPE:             | Anti-static protective clothing.   |
| Characteristics: | «CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.   |
| CEN standards:   | EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5   |
| Maintenance:     | In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.  |
| Observations:    | The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use. |
| PPE:             | Anti-static safety footwear.   |
| Characteristics: | «CE» marking, category II.   |
| CEN standards:   | EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346   |
| Maintenance:     | The footwear should be checked regularly<br>The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending   |
| Observations:    | on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.  |

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Physical state: Liquid. Colour: Colourless. Odour: Peculiar. Odour threshold: Not available. Melting point: Not available. Freezing point: -95 °C Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 69 °C Flammability: Not available. Lower explosion limit: Not available. Upper explosion limit: Not available. Flash point: -22 °C Auto-ignition temperature: 225 °C (hexane) Decomposition temperature: Not available. pH: 6.5 - 7.5 Kinematic viscosity: Not available. Solubility: Not available. Hydrosolubility: Not available. Liposolubility: Not available. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): Not available. Vapour pressure: 16000 Pa at 20 °C (hexane) Absolute density: 800 kg/m3 at 20 °C Relative density: Not available. Relative vapour density: Not available. Particle characteristics: Not available.

### 9.2 Other information

Not available.

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### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

### 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) Nº 1272/2008.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

### Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

| Name             |                  | Acute toxicity |             |                  |                      |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|
|                  |                  | Туре           | Test        | Kind             | Value                |
|                  |                  |                | LD50        | Rat              | 43 mL/kg bw [1]      |
|                  |                  | Oral           |             |                  | _                    |
|                  |                  |                | [1] ~30 g/  | 'kg, older adult | rats                 |
| n-hexane         |                  |                | LD50        | rabbit           | >2000 mg/kg bw [1]   |
|                  |                  | Dermal         |             |                  |                      |
|                  |                  |                | [1] study r | eport, 1982.     |                      |
|                  |                  |                | LC50        | Rat              | >5000 ppm (24 h) [1] |
| CAC No. 110 54 2 | FC No: 202 777 C | Inhalation     |             |                  |                      |
| CAS No: 110-54-3 | EC No: 203-777-6 |                | [1] 17600   | mg/m3            |                      |

a) acute toxicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation; Product classified: Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation; Not conclusive data for classification.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation; Not conclusive data for classification.

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e) germ cell mutagenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;Product classified:Reproductive toxicant, Category 2: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

h) STOT-single exposure;
 Product classified:
 Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;
 Product classified:
 Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

j) aspiration hazard;Product classified:Aspiration toxicity, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain components with endocrine-disrupting properties with effects on human health.

### Other information

There is no information available on other adverse health effects.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

### 12.1 Toxicity.

|                  | Name             |                          | Ecotoxicity  |   |  |  |  |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| ſ                | vame             | Туре                     | Test   | Kind  | Value  |  |  |
|                  |                  |                          | LC50<br>LC50   | Fish<br>Oryzias latipes   | 57,8 mg/l (96 h) [1]<br>>1000 μg/L (48 h) [2]  |  |  |
| n-hexane         |                  | Fish                     | Toxicities of<br>(Pimephale<br>Environ.Stu<br>p Ghatak,<br>Toxicity of<br>Environ.Ecc<br>[2] The Inf<br>of Various | f Organic Chemicals<br>is promelas), Volume<br>id., Univ.of Wisconsii<br>D.B.,M.M. Hossain,<br>n-Heptane and n-He<br>ol. 6(4):943-947<br>fuence of Rearing Te<br>Environmental Pollut | nd D.J. Call 1990. Acute<br>to Fathead Minnows<br>5. Ctr.for Lake Superior<br>n-Superior, Superior, WI :332<br>and S.K. Konar 1988. Acute<br>xane on Worm and Fish.<br>Imperatures on the Toxicity<br>ants for Killifish (Oryzias<br>o, Y, and Seizaburo, K. 1986. |  |  |
|                  |                  | Aquatic<br>invertebrates |  |   |  |  |  |
| CAS No: 110-54-3 | EC No: 203-777-6 | Aquatic plants           |  |   |  |  |  |

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.

No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

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### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

|                  | Name             |         | Bioaccumulation |       |          |  |
|------------------|------------------|---------|-----------------|-------|----------|--|
|                  | Name             | Log Pow | BCF             | NOECs | Level    |  |
| n-hexane         |                  | 4       | _               | _     | Moderate |  |
| CAS No: 110-54-3 | EC No: 203-777-6 | т       |                 |       | Moderate |  |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil. The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways. Prevent penetration into the ground.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties.

This product doesn't contain components with environmental endocrine disrupting properties.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID. Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number.

UN No: UN1263

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description: ADR/RID: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (N-HEXANE), 3, PG III (-22°C), MARINE POLLUTANT ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

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14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

### 14.5 Environmental hazards.



Dangerous for the environment Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,<u>S-E</u>

## **14.6 Special precautions for user.**

Labels: 3



Hazard number: Not applicable. Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Proceed in accordance with point 6. IMDG Code segregation group: 18 Alkalis ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments.

The product is not transported in bulk.

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

| Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture  | Conditions of restriction  |
|---|--|
| <ul> <li>3. Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:</li> <li>(a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F;</li> <li>(b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on</li> </ul> | <ol> <li>Shall not be used in:         <ul> <li>ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,</li> <li>tricks and jokes,</li> <li>games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,</li> </ul> </li> <li>Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.</li> <li>Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:</li> </ol> |

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| development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; | - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and.  |
|---|---|
| (c) hazard class 4.1;   |   |
| (c) hazard class 4.1;<br>(d) hazard class 5.1.                      | <ul> <li>present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304,</li> <li>Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).</li> <li>Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met: <ul> <li>(a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010, 'Just a sip of lamp oil - or even sucking the wick of lamps - may lead to life-threatening lung damage';</li> <li>(b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage';</li> <li>(c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage';</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
|   | litre by 1 December 2010.   |

Kind of pollutant to water (Germany): WGK 2: Hazardous to water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

The supplier has carried out a Chemical Safety Assessment for the substance/mixture.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vap | our. |
|------|---------------------------------|------|
|      |                                 |      |

- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2 Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2 STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth hazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

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Abbreviations and acronyms used:

- ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
- CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
- DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
- EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
- PPE: Personal protection equipment.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
- NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
- RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
- WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html http://echa.europa.eu/ Regulation (EU) 2020/878. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemical substances and mixtures (REACH).

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.